The Uganda Gazette

CONTENTS

   Scope: This Uganda standard prescribes the specifications for the personal cheque and corporate cheque.

   Scope: This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements and methods of test for papain.

   Scope: This Uganda standard prescribes the specifications for mango chutney.

   Scope: This Uganda standard prescribes the specification for mayonnaise. It does not cover mayonnaise designated as 'low fat mayonnaise', which is covered by other standard.

   Scope: This Uganda standard prescribes the specifications for low fat mayonnaise. It does not apply to ordinary mayonnaise normally designated as mayonnaise, which is covered by other standard.

   Scope: This Uganda standard specifies requirements and methods of test for pasta products.

   Scope: This Uganda standard prescribes the specifications for edible fats and oils intended for human consumption. It does not apply to any fat or oil that is a subject of specific Uganda standard designated by specific name.

   Scope: This Uganda standard prescribes the specifications for edible soya bean oil intended for human consumption. The standard does not apply to soya oil, which must be subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.

   Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements for edible oil derived from Cotton seeds. The standard does not apply to cotton seed oil that must be subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.

    Scope: This Uganda standard prescribes the specifications for edible Sunflower oil intended for human consumption. The standard does not apply to Sunflower oil that must be subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.
Scope:
This Uganda standard applies to edible oil derived from groundnut seeds. The standard does not apply to groundnut seed oil subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.

Scope:
This Uganda standard applies to edible oil derived from Palm fruits. The standard does not apply to palm oil subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.

Scope:
This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and test methods for edible oil derived from Palm kernels. The standard does not apply to palm kernel oil subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.

Scope:
This Uganda standard applies to edible oil derived from Sesame seeds. The standard does not apply to sesame seed oil subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.

Scope:
This Uganda standard applies to edible oil derived from Maize or corn endosperm.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements for brandies.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements and methods of sampling and testing for rum.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements and methods of testing for vodka.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements and methods of test for whisky (whiskey) intended for human consumption. It does not apply to whisky or whiskey concentrate which shall be subject to further processing before consumption.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements for neutral spirit intended for use in the manufacture or blending of alcoholic beverages.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements for vinegar derived from fermentation of suitable raw materials of agricultural and silvi-cultural origin.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes specification for artificial vinegar produced from glacial acetic acid in water with or without caramel as a colouring matter and intended for use as a condiment.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements and methods of test for carbon dioxide used for carbonation of beverages. It does not apply to carbon dioxide used for fire extinguishers, refrigeration, inflation and intended for use such as a condiment.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the specifications for orange juice preserved exclusively by physical means. For the purpose of this standard and at this time, preservation by physical means does not include ionising radiation.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the specification of black currant concentrate preserved exclusively by physical means.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the specifications for black currant juice preserved exclusively by physical means.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements for fruit drinks containing standardized juice. It does not cover comminuted fruit drink, which is covered by other standard.

Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the specifications for comminuted fruit drinks. It does not apply to soya oil, which must be subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.
NOTE: This standard cancels and replaces Uganda - Standard US 53:1999, which has been revised.


Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements for baby napkins.


Scope:
This Uganda standard specifies requirements for toilet soaps. It does not apply to carbolic soap or specialty soaps such as medicated soap, transparent soap, floating soap, liquid soap of seawater soap.


Scope:
This Uganda standard specifies requirements for liquid detergent for household dishwashing and for cleaning of hard surfaces such as painted surfaces, floors, ceilings, ceramic and plastic tiles, and the surfaces of equipment for machine dishwashing. It does not cover detergent for machine dishwashing.


Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements and methods of sampling and test for synthetic laundry detergents in granulated or powdered form for household hand laundering.

42. Specification for woven bags from natural fibres for sugar, US 151:2000/EAS 175

Scope:
This Uganda standard specifies requirements for woven bags made from natural fibres for packing and storage of sugar.


Scope:
This Uganda standard specifies the basic requirements for toothpaste (fluoridated and non-fluoridated) for use with a brush in the cleaning of natural teeth.


Scope:
This Uganda standard prescribes the requirements and methods of test for petroleum jelly for cosmetic industry.


Scope:
This Uganda standard specifies the constructional and performance requirements of woven bags made from natural fibres to contain 90 kg load of any type of cereals and pulses. It also prescribes the packing and marking requirements of a tale containing the bags ready for dispatch.
46. Specification for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including filament lamps and tungsten filament lamps for general lighting purposes. It does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

47. Specifications for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles with a research octane number (RON) of 95. It also covers the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

48. Specification for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Specifications, US 249:2000-EAS 159
Scope: This Uganda standard covers the specification of incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. It does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

49. Specification for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

50. Specifications for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Specifications, US 251:2000-EAS 175
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

51. Specifications for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

52. Specifications for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Specifications, US 253:2000-EAS 177
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

53. Specification for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

54. Specifications for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

55. Specifications for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

56. Specifications for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

57. Specifications for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.

58. Specifications for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles
Specifications, US 259:2000-EAS 183
Scope: This Uganda standard specifies the requirements and methods of test for incandescent lamps for motor vehicles, including the use of incandescent lamps for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and ledged gasolines.
Scope:
This standard specifies requirements and methods of test for pasta products.

Scope:
This code prescribes the hygienic conditions and practices for production, handling, processing, storage, transportation, marketing, distribution and sale of milk and milk products.

Scope:
This standard specifies a reference method for the determination of phosphatase activity in milk and dried milk, butter milk, and butter milk powder, whey and whey powder.

Scope:
This standard specifies sampling plans for the inspection of milk and milk products by attributes.

Scope:
This standard describes the basis of sampling plans for inspection by variables of milk and milk products.

Scope:
This standard specifies a reference method for the determination of total solids content of milk, cream, and evaporated milk.

Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of freezing point of raw, pasteurised, UHT-treated or sterilised milk, partially skimmed milk and skimmed milk.

Scope:
This standard specifies a routine method for the determination of fat content of milk and includes guidance on the determination of the appropriate capacity of the milk pipette and on the determination of corrections to apply to the results if the milk is not of average fat content.

Scope:
This standard prescribes the specifications for edible fats and oils intended for human consumption. It does not apply to any fat or oil that is a subject of specific standards or is designated by specific name.

Scope:
This standard prescribes the specifications for edible soya bean oil intended for human consumption. The standard does not apply to soya oil, which may be subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.


Scope:
This standard prescribes the requirements for edible oil derived from Cottonseeds. The standard does not apply to cottonseed oil that must be subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.


Scope:
This standard prescribes the specifications for edible Sunflower oil intended for human consumption. The standard does not apply to Sunflower oil that must be subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.


Scope:
This standard applies to edible oil derived from Groundnut seeds. The standard does not apply to Groundnut seed oil subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.


Scope:
This standard applies to edible oil derived from Palm fruits. The standard does not apply to palm oil subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.


Scope:
This standard prescribes the requirements and test methods for edible oil derived from Palm kernels. The standard does not apply to palm kernel oil subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.


Scope:
This standard applies to edible oil derived from Sesame seeds. The standard does not apply to sesame seed oil subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.


Scope:
This standard specifies procedures for the sampling of animal or vegetable fats and oils for the purpose of analysis.


Scope:
This standard specifies procedures for the preparation of a test sample from a laboratory sample of animal and vegetable fats and oils for the purpose of analysis. The method is not applicable to emulsified fats such as butter, margarine, mayonnaise, etc.


Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of the peroxide value of animal and vegetable oils and fats.


Scope:
This standard specifies three methods (two titrimetric and one potentiometric) for the determination of the acidity in animal and vegetable fats and oils, hereinafter referred to as fats. The acidity is expressed preferably as acid value, or alternatively as acidity calculated conventionally.


Scope:
This standard specifies a rapid method using three hexane extractions for the determination of the unsaponifiable matter content of animal and vegetable fats and oils.


Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of the iodine value of animal and vegetable fats and oils.


Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of the refractive index of animal and vegetable fats and oils.


Scope:
This standard specifies two methods for the determination, by drying, of the moisture and volatile matter content of animal or vegetable fats and oils.


Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of the insoluble impurities content of animal and vegetable fats and oils.

Scope:
This standard prescribes specification for artificial vinegar produced from glacial acetic acid and water with or without caramel as a colouring matter and intended for use as a condiment.


Scope:
This standard prescribes the requirements and methods of test for carbon dioxide used for the carbonation of beverages. It does not apply to carbon dioxide used for fire extinguishers, refrigeration, inflation of balloons, welding applications and other general commercial purposes or to material intended for medical use.


Scope:
This standard prescribes the methods of test for carbon dioxide used for carbonation of beverages.

43. Specification for orange juice preserved exclusively by physical means, US 56:2000

Scope:
This standard prescribes the specifications for orange juice preserved exclusively by physical means. For the purpose of this standard and at this time preservation by physical means does not include ionising radiation.

44. Standard specification for black currant concentrate, US 58:2000

Scope:
This standard prescribes the specification for black currant concentrate preserved exclusively by physical means.


Scope:
This standard prescribes the specification for black currant juice preserved exclusively by physical means.


Scope:
This standard prescribes the requirements for fruit drinks containing standardized juice. It does not cover comminuted fruit drink, which is covered by other standard.


Scope:
This standard prescribes the specifications for edible Soya bean oil intended for human consumption. The standard does not apply to Soya oil, which must be subject to further processing in order to render it suitable for human consumption.

Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of the mineral impurities content (impurities generally originating from the soil) of fruit and vegetable products.

49. Fruit and vegetable products - Determination of ash insoluble in hydrochloric acid, US 229:2000/ISO 763

Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of the ash insoluble in hydrochloric acid, yielded by fruit and vegetable products.


Scope:
This standard specifies two methods for the determination of Titratable acidity in fruit and vegetable products: a potentiometric reference method and a routine method using colour indicator.


Scope:
This standard specifies the reference method for the determination of the total essential oils content of citrus fruits and their derived products (whole fruits, fruits cut into small pieces, skins, juices, concentrates, beverage bases, sweetened products, etc.).


Scope:
This standard specifies a pyknometric method for the determination of the soluble solids content of fruit juice.


Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of the tin content in fruit and vegetable products. The method is applicable to products, which may contain, per kilogram, up to: 1.25 g of copper; 0.6 of lead; 6 g of zinc; 40 g of phosphorus.


Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the chemical determination of ethanol in fruit and vegetable products.


Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of copper in fruit and vegetable products.

56. Fruit and vegetable products - Determination of iron content - 1,10-phenanthroline method, US 236:2000/ISO 5517

Scope:
This standard specifies a 1,10-phenanthroline photometric method for the determination of the iron content of fruits, vegetables and derived products.

57. Fruit and vegetable products - Determination of sulphur dioxide content-(Routine method), US 237:2000/ISO 5523

Scope:
This standard specifies a routine method for the determination of the sulphur dioxide content of liquid fruit and vegetable products.


Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of volatile acidity in fruits and vegetable products. The method is applicable to all fresh products and to products preserved without chemical preservatives, as well as to products to which sulphur dioxide has been added with or without one of the following preservatives: sorbic acid, benzoic acid, formic acid.


Scope:
This standard specifies a flameless atomic absorption spectrometric method for the determination of the lead content of fruits, vegetables and derived products.

60. Fruit and vegetable products - Determination of arsenic content, US 240:2000/ISO 6634

Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of arsenic content of fruits, vegetables and derived products.


Scope:
This standard specifies a dithizone spectrometric method for the determination of the zinc content of fruit and vegetable products.


Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of the mercury content of fruits, vegetables and derived products.

63. Fruit and vegetable products and derived products - Sampling and test methods - General, Uz 282:2000/EAS 41-0

Scope:
This standard specifies a method of sampling fruits, vegetables and their products, forming the subject of international trade, with a view to determining the quality or particular characteristics of the goods.

Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of the water insoluble solids content of the edible part of the fruit and vegetable products.

2. Fruit and vegetables and derived products - Determination of benzoic acid content, US 284:2000/EAS 41-7

Scope:
This standard specifies a method for the determination of benzoic acid content of fruits, vegetables, and derived products.


Scope:
This standard specifies a refractometer method for the determination of soluble solid content of fruits and vegetable products.


Scope:
This standard specifies two routine methods for the determination of the ascorbic acid content of fruits, vegetables, and derived products: Method A 2.6 dichlorophenolphthalein titrimetric method B: to be used in the absence of certain interferences and 2.6 dichlorophenolphthalein spectrometric method after extraction with xylene, applicable to derived fruit and vegetable products in strongly coloured solutions.


Scope:
This standard specifies a potentiometric method of measuring the pH of fruit and vegetable products.

Section 3: List of Uganda Standards in Building and Civil Engineering


Scope:
This standard specifies requirements for the composition, manufacture, strength, physical and chemical properties of Portland - Pozolana Cement.


Scope:
This standard specifies requirements for precast concrete paving blocks intended for the construction of low speed roads and, industrial and other paved surfaces subjected to all categories of static and vehicular loading and pedestrian traffic.


Scope:
This standard specifies a method of determining the compressive and flexural strengths of cement mortar.


Scope:
This standard describes the procedures for the chemical analysis of cement. It gives the reference procedures and, in certain cases, an alternative method that can be considered as giving equivalent results.


Scope:
This standard specifies the quality and grading requirements for aggregates obtained by processing natural materials for use in concrete.


Scope:
Test methods are specified for the determination of the properties of size and shape of mineral aggregates including clay, silt and dust and an aggregate classification is given to allow identification of samples by petrographical examination.


Scope:
This standard describes methods for obtaining samples of aggregates of the quantity required for carrying out testing in accordance with other Parts of Standards on methods of testing Aggregates. The method to be used for recording the nominal description of materials sampled is also given.


Scope:
This standard specifies methods for the determination of the relative density, water absorption, bulk density, voids, bulking and moisture content of aggregates and the relative density, bulk density and voids of filler.

Section 4: List of Uganda Standards in Mechanical and Metallurgy


Scope:
This standard specifies the materials construction and preferred sizes of domestic aluminium cooking pots (sufuria) and lids.


Scope:
This standard specifies the materials construction and preferred sizes of uncoated aluminium pans. This standard covers aluminium saucepans, stew pans and frying pans.


Scope:
This standard gives specification for five types of wheelbarrows of single wheel make suitable for domestic, industrial, agricultural and construction use.
   Scope: This standard specifies requirements for welded steel pipes and sockets suitable for screwing.
   Scope: This standard specifies the tolerances on diameter of round wire and where applicable on the length of round wire, cut to length, for bright steel wire (i.e. uncoated), metallic coated steel wire and non metallic coated wire.
   Scope: This standard covers the requirements for hurricane lanterns complete with globe and wick, burning kerosene from wick at atmospheric pressure.
   Scope: This standard prescribes the necessary dimensions, the material and other requirements of a straight, curved and tapered blade machetes.
   Scope: This standard covers the safety requirements for the integrity and security of full tanks, fuel tank filter deliver pipes and fuel tank connections, used on automotive vehicles to minimize fire hazards resulting from fuel spillage during and after crash and/or collision.
   Scope: This standard specifies a method of converting room temperature percentage elongation after fracture obtained on various proportional and non-proportional gauge lengths to other gauge lengths.

Section 5: List of Uganda Standards in Chemicals and Environment.
   Scope: This standard specifies requirements for two categories of laundry soaps in the form of cakes or bars. produced from vegetable or animal oils or fats or a blend of all or part to these materials. It does not cover liquid soap for house- hold purposes.
   NOTE: This standard cancels and replaces Uganda standard US 53:1999, which has been revised.
   Scope: This standard prescribes the requirements for baby napkins.
   Scope: This standard specifies requirements for toilet soap. does not apply to carbolic soap or specialty soaps such as medicated soap, transparent soap, floating soap, liquid soap of seawater soap.
   Scope: This standard specifies requirements for liquid detergent for household dishwashing and for cleaning of hard surfaces such as painted surfaces, floor ceilings, ceramic and plastic tiles, and the surfaces of equipment for machine dishwashing. It does not cover detergent for machine dishwashing.
   Scope: This standard prescribes the requirements and method of sampling and test for synthetic laundry detergents in granulated or powdered form for household hand laundering.
   Scope: This standard specifies requirements for woven bags made from natural fibres for packing and storage of sugar.
   Scope: This standard specifies the basic requirements for toothpaste (fluoridated and non-fluoridated) for use with a brush in the cleaning of natural teeth.
   Scope: This standard prescribes the requirements and method of test for petroleum jelly for cosmetic industry.
   Scope: This standard code of practice describes methods for grading of cotton yarns by appearance.
   Scope: This standard specifies the constructional and performance requirements of woven bags made from natural fibres to contain 90-kg load of any type of cereals and pulses. It also prescribes the packing and marking requirements of a bale containing the bags ready for dispatch.
   Scope: This standard specifies the requirements and method of test for Leaded motor gasolines also known as petrol or motor spirit for use in spark ignition engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and unleaded gasolines.
unleaded petrol (Gasoline) for motor vehicles - specifications, US 248:2000 EAS 158

Scope:
This standard specifies the requirements and methods for test for unleaded motor gasolines with a research octane number (RON) of 95 also known as petrol for use in spark ignition internal combustion engines. This standard does not cover aviation gasolines and leaded gasolines.


Scope:
This standard covers crankcase-lubricating oils, for automotive type internal combustion engines, meeting or exceeding the API service classification “SA” for gasoline engines and meeting or exceeding the API service classification “CD” for diesel engines.


Scope:
This standard specifies the sacking and making-up requirements for woven bags made from natural fibres for packing and storage of milled products.

Section 6: List of Uganda Standard in Electrotechnology


Scope:
This standard specifies the minimum requirements for fluorescent tube lights powered with direct current (dc) inverter ballast for use in photovoltaic systems.


Scope:
This Code of practice is intended to form a basic reference document for use in all photovoltaic installations in Uganda. It is intended to promote the installation of safe, high quality photovoltaic systems, in such a way as to generally promote the adoption of photovoltaic power as an energy source.

Photovoltaic systems - Definitions, abbreviations symbols and terminology US 218:2000

Scope:
This standard lists symbols, terms, definitions, and abbreviations relating to photovoltaic systems.


Scope:
This standard specification covers the technical requirements and methods of test for tungsten filament incandescent lamps for general lighting purposes having a nominal life of 1000 hours, rated wattage of 25-1500 watts, rated voltage of 240 volts, bulbs clear or frosted, with standard (bayonet) or Edison screw caps.


Scope:
This standard specifies requirements for junction boxes of surface or flush-mounting types for use in fixed wiring installations.


Scope:
This standard applies to hand-held electric motor-operated or magnetically driven tools, intended for indoor or outdoor use. This standard is concerned with safety and takes into account influence on safety of components necessary to achieve a required degree of radio and television interference suppression.


Scope:
This standard together with those requirements of US 256 to which reference is made, specifies requirements, including safety requirements for hand-held electric motor-operated drills including impact drills.


Scope:
This standard applies to hand-held electric motor-operated or magnetically driven electric grinders, polishers and disk type sanders intended for indoor or outdoor use. This standard is concerned with safety and takes into account influence on safety of components necessary to achieve a required degree of radio and television interference suppression.


Scope:
This standard applies to hand-held electric motor-operated or magnetically driven electric circular saws and circular knives intended for indoor or outdoor use. This standard is concerned with safety and takes into account influence on safety of components necessary to achieve a required degree of radio and television interference suppression.


Scope:
This standard applies to hand-held electric motor-operated or magnetically driven electric screw drivers and impact wrenches intended for indoor or outdoor use. This standard is concerned with safety and takes into account influence on safety of components necessary to achieve a required degree of radio and television interference suppression.
GENERAL BOND FOR ENSURING COMPLIANCE
WITH CUSTOMS LAWS AND SECURING DUTY AND
TAXES ON GOODS DEPOSITED INTO TRANSIT
PARKING YARDS FOR TRANSIT TO
NEIGHBOURING STATES.

NOW ALL MEN by these presents that we ........................................ (Principal)
of P. O. Box ........................................ and ........................................ (Surety)
of P. O. Box ........................................ are held and firmly bound unto the Commissioner-General of the Uganda Revenue Authority, P.O. Box 7279, Kampala in the sum of ...........................................Shillings to be paid to the Commissioner General of which payment will and truly be made, we bind ourselves and every of us JOINTLY and SEVERALY for and in the whole, our heirs, executors, administrators and assigns and every of them firmly by these presents.

DATED this .......... day of ............... in the year of our Lord ..............

WHEREAS the Commissioner-General by virtue of the authority vested in him by the East African Customs and Transfer Tax Management Act. 1970 (as amended) has appointed a Transit Parking Yard named ........................................ situated on Plot No. ............. at ........................................ in the Port of ..............

AND

WHEREAS the said Principal is the occupier and Manager of the Transit Parking Yard for storage of transit goods only; and

WHEREAS the said Principal has agreed and directed the said Surety being the Guarantor shall forthwith give security in the sum stated above in these presents.

Now the condition of this obligation is such that if the goods so stored in the Transit Parking Yard are stolen, made to get lost or consumed without transiting all duties payable on these goods from the said Transit Parking Yard shall be payable to the Commissioner-General or if all the goods are taken this obligation shall be void, BUT OTHERWISE SHALL BE AND REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND VIRTUE.

SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED by the above Principal
Represented by: (1) ........................................ (2) ........................................

In the presence of a Customs Officer:
M/S ........................................
Rank: ........................................
Signature ........................................
Date ........................................

SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED by the above Surety
Represented by: (1) ........................................ (2) ........................................

In the presence of a Customs Officer:
M/S ........................................
Rank: ........................................
Signature ........................................
Date ........................................

APPROVED FOR COMMISSIONER-GENERAL BY:
M/S ........................................
Rank: ........................................
Signature ........................................
Date ........................................

THE TRADE MARKS ACT.
Section 38.
ALTERATION OF A REGISTERED TRADE MARK
No. 21968.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

TAKE NOTICE that the Trade Mark No. 21968 Class 26 to Schedule III in the name of First National Battery Company (PTY) Limited of Liverpool Road, Industrial Sites, Benoni South, 1502, Gauteng, R.S.A C/o Sengendo & Co. Advocates. P.O. Box 6914, Kampala - Uganda in respect of “all types of Batteries and accumulators; parts of and accessories for the aforesaid”; duly advertised in Uganak Gazette under General Notice No. 30 of 1999 dated 12th February, 1999 in the name of First National Battery Company (PTY) Limited has been altered under section 38 of the Trade Marks Act as under:

Dated at Kampala this 28th day of September, 1999.

RITA BBANGA-BUKENYA (MRs)
Assistant Registrar of Trade Marks

General Notice No. 458 of 2000.
THE TRADE MARKS ACT.
(Cap. 83).
NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that any person who has grounds to oppose the registration of any of the marks advertised herein may within sixty days from the date of this Gazette, lodge a Notice of opposition on Trade Mark Form No. 6 together with the fee of Shs. 4000 in case of National applicants or US$ 250 in case of Foreign applicants. The period of lodging Notice of opposition may be extended in suitable cases by the Registrar at his discretion. Formal opposition should not be lodged until after reasonable notice has been given by letter to the applicant so that he may have an opportunity to withdraw his application before the expense of opposition proceedings is incurred. Failure to give such notice will be taken into account in considering any application by the opponent for an order for costs if the opposition is uncontested by the applicant. Representations of the marks herein advertised can be inspected at the office of the Registrar of Trade Marks, Parliamentary Buildings, P.O. Box 7151, Kampala.

(21) APPLICATION No. 23504 IN PART “A”.
(52) Class 34.
(54)

EXCELLENCE

(53)
(59)
(64)
(57) Nature of goods— Tobacco, smokers’ articles, matches,
(73) Name of applicant— Jsmm.
(77) Address— 3750, Avenue Julien Panchot 66000 Perpignan, France.
(74) C/o M/s. Sengendo & Co. Advocates. P.O. Box 6914 Kampala.
(55) Date of application— 22nd August 2000.
OXETINE

Nature of goods—Pharmaceutical and medicinal preparations and substances.

Name of applicant—Smithkline Beecham P.L.C.

Address—New Horizons Court, Brentford, Middlesex TW8 9EP, England.

C/o M/s. Sengendo & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 6914, Kampala.

Date of filing application—4th October, 2000.

PAROX

Nature of goods—Pharmaceutical and medicinal preparations and substances.

Name of applicant—Smithkline Beecham P.L.C.

Address—New Horizons Court, Brentford, Middlesex TW8 9EP, England.

C/o M/s. Sengendo & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 6914, Kampala.

Date of filing application—4th October, 2000.

FOREVERMARK

Nature of goods—Precious metals and their alloys and goods in precious metals or coated therewith, not included in other classes; jewellery and imitation jewellery; precious and semi-precious stones, horological and chronometric instruments.

Name of applicant—De Beers Centenary Ag.

Address—Langensandstrasse 27, 6000 Lucern 14, Switzerland.

C/o M/s. Sengendo & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 6914, Kampala.

Date of filing application—24th August, 2000.

SIGHTHOLDER

Nature of goods—Precious metals and their alloys and goods in precious metals or coated therewith, not included in other classes; jewellery and imitation jewellery; precious and semi-precious stones, horological and chronometric instruments.

Name of applicant—De Beers Centenary Ag.

Address—Langensandstrasse 27, 6000 Lucern 14, Switzerland.

C/o M/s. Sengendo & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 6914, Kampala.

Date of filing application—24th August, 2000.

OXYGEN

Nature of goods—Telecommunications equipment, pagers, telephones, cellular telephones, computer software and hardware in the field of telecommunications; television and interactive multimedia equipment, including setboxes; handheld remote control devices for participation in interactive and non-interactive media and for the transmission of data, voice and video; magnetic encoded cards for use with mobile telephone equipment and wireless telephone equipment.

Name of applicant—Orascom Telecom

Address—160 26th July Street, Agouza, Cairo Egypt.

C/o M/s. Sengendo & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 6914, Kampala.

Date of filing application—2nd October, 2000.

COOPERMEC

Nature of goods—Veterinary preparations and all other goods included in class 5.

Name of applicant—Schering - Plough Animal Health Corporation.

Address—1095 Morris Avenue, Union, New Jersey, U.S.A.

C/o M/s. Sengendo & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 6914, Kampala.

Date of filing application—21st September, 2000.
**MUMMY’S DELIGHT**

(53) **Disclaimer**— Registration of this Trade mark shall give no right to the exclusive use of the word “MUMMY’S” or of the word “DELIGHT” each separately and apart from the mark as a whole.

(59)

(64)

(57) **Nature of goods**— All goods specified under class 3.

(73) **Name of applicant**— UK1 Uganda Limited.

(77) **Address**— P.O. Box 31304, Kampala.

(74)

(22) **Date of filing application**— 12th December, 2000.

(21) **Application No. 23854 in Part “A”.**

(52) Class 3.

(54)

**MUMMY’S PRIDE**

(53) **Disclaimer**— Registration of this Trade mark shall give no right to the exclusive use of the word “MUMMY’S” or of the word “PRIDE” each separately and apart from the mark as a whole.

(59)

(64)

(57) **Nature of goods**— All goods specified under class 3.

(73) **Name of applicant**— UK1 Uganda Limited.

(77) **Address**— P.O. Box 31304, Kampala.

(74)

(22) **Date of filing application**— 12th December, 2000.

(21) **Application No. 23565 in Part “A”.**

(52) Class 14.

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(57) **Nature of goods**— Precious metals and their alloys and goods in precious metals or coated therewith, not included in other classes; jewellery and imitation jewellery; precious and semi-precious stones, horological and chronometric instruments.

(73) **Name of applicant**— De Beers Centenary Ag.

(77) **Address**— Langensandstrasse 27, 6000 Lucern 14, Switzerland.

(74) **C/o** M/s. Sengendo & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 6914, Kampala.

(22) **Date of filing application**— 24th August, 2000.

**Black DIAMOND CANE SPIRIT**

(53) **Disclaimer**— Registration of this Trade mark shall give no right to the exclusive use of the word “DIAMOND” and the picture of it and the words “BLACK CANE SPIRIT” except as represented.

(59)

(64)

(57) **Nature of goods**— Alcoholic beverages.

(73) **Name of applicant**— 3R International Ltd.

(77) **Address**— P.O. Box 26300, Kampala.

(74) **C/o** M/s. Sengendo & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 6914, Kampala.

(22) **Date of filing application**— 10th August, 2000.

(21) **Application No. 23525 in Part “A”.**

(52) Class 33.

(54)

**Black DIAMOND WHISKY**

(53) **Disclaimer**— Registration of this Trade mark shall give no right to the exclusive use of the word “DIAMOND” and the picture of a diamond the words “BLACK WHISKY” except as represented.

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(57) **Nature of goods**— Alcoholic beverages.

(73) **Name of applicant**— 3R International Ltd.

(77) **Address**— P.O. Box 26300, Kampala.

(74) **C/o** M/s. Sengendo & Co. Advocates, P.O. Box 6914, Kampala.

(22) **Date of filing application**— 10th August, 2000.

(21) **Application No. 23775 in Part “A”.**

(52) Class 5.

(54)

**VIOZAN**

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(57) **Nature of goods**— Pharmaceutical preparations for the treatment of diseases and disorders of the respiratory system.

(73) **Name of applicant**— Astrazeneca AB.
THE UGANDA GAZETTE

THE UGANDA GAZETTE

GSK GLAXOSMITHKLINE

Disclaimer—Registration of this Trade mark shall give no right to the exclusive use of the letters “GSK” apart from the mark as represented.

Nature of goods—Surgical, medical and veterinary apparatus and instruments.

Name of applicant—Smithkline Beecham P.L.C.

Address—New Horizons Court, Brentford, Middlesex TW8 9EP, England.

C/o M/s. Hunter & Greig Advocates, P.O. Box 7026, Kampala.

Date of filing application—1st August, 2000.

APPLICATION NO. 23826 IN PART “A”.

Class 5.

(54)

Mesotrine

Naturally

AZAVOR

APPLICATION NO. 23828 IN PART “A”.

Class 5.

(54)

VORCUM

APPLICATION NO. 23829 IN PART “A”.

Class 5.

(54)